LEYS FARM JUNIOR SCHOOL

GEOGRAPHY Long Term Plan

When planning a unit of learning, teachers should ensure:

World Building:

- 1. Geography of area is looked at first (physical maps) what does this tell us about the people?
- 2. World view is important- children need to be aware of where they are in the world including their immediate area, their local area, their country, continent and comparisons to countries and continents across the world.
- 3. Enquiry questions lead to children's own sub-enquiry (Curiosity) questions children need to be given the chance to ask new questions based on new learning at the end of every history lesson.
- 4. Children need ensure they have key knowledge about major continents, oceans and rivers.
- 5. Children need to be confident in using a wide variety of sources to facilitate accurate and in depth learning to embed knowledge.

Cycles A and B	Autumn	Spring	Summer
Y3/4 B	Cavemen and Creatures (Stone Age to the Iron Age)	Villainous or Valiant? Anglo-Saxons/Vikings-	Around the world in 80 days
Sep 2021	Including animals Geographical Association (GA) Scheme of Work: Atlas, Maps, Symbols https://www.geography.org.uk/teaching-	Main focus – Anglo-Saxons and conflict GA scheme: Near and Far <u>https://www.geography.org.uk/teaching-</u> <u>resources/near-and-far</u>	GA scheme: https://www.geography.org.uk/teaching- resources/Everyday-geographies-around- the-world
	resources/Atlas-map-symbols EQ: Where in the world are we? Ancillary questions- What do we know about the Geography if our local area past and	EQ: Where did the Vikings and Anglo-Saxons settle in England?	EQ: How does where I live compare to other people around the world?

 present? How has the climate changed over time in a key location- Creswell Crags? What effect did climate change have on the inhabitants of Creswell Craggs- human and animal? Local Geography links: Creswell Crags – life of inhabitants changing during stone age to iron age. 	Ancillary questions- How did the Vikings and Anglo-Saxons affect my local area? What evidence is there of Viking and Anglo-Saxon settlements in my local area? Where were the Viking homelands? How far reaching were the Viking and Anglo-Saxons in the rest of the world? Local Geography Links: Viking and Anglo-Saxon villages – 'The Viking Way'.	Comparison: our location to a locality in the world - Pantip Yin (Bangkok), Maurice Lee (Jamaica), Benedict Ssazzi (Uganda), Wildlife Sense (Greece), Andrew (Romania), Jonathan (Trinidad and Tobago), Lauren (USA)- Where are they in the world? What effects is climate change having on them? How could they mitigate Climate Change?
Lenses:		Human Geography- travel
Climate	Significant Individual study: Aethelfled of Mercia	Physical Geography – locations and world
Landscapes	Sweyn Forkbeard- capital city, local links to	locations.
Settlements.	Gainsborough.	
Key Vocabulary: <i>Roundhouse, Hillfort, Smelting, Druid,</i> <i>Domesticate, Palaeolithic, Mesolithic,</i> <i>Neolithic, Tribe, Roundhouse, Hillfort, Quern,</i> <i>Domesticate, Ecosystem, carnivore,</i> <i>omnivore, herbivore, Ice Age, Climate,</i> <i>Glaciers.</i>	Lenses: Settlements World View Economic Cultural. Key Vocabulary:	Key Vocabulary: Atlas, continent, globe, ocean. Key Knowledge: World continents and oceans (lesson plan link).
Key Knowledge: Chronology and World-Building Climate Understanding of the wider world compared to local area.	Vikings, Anglo-Saxons, Raid, Settle, settler, settlement, Long ship, Longboat, long house, raid, settler, agriculture. Key Knowledge: Chronology and World-Building Human Geography of movement and settlements	

		Physical Geography of changing landscapes due to human impacts.	
Y3/4	Under the Canopy	Who Let the Gods Out?	When in Rome
A Sep	The Maya, Rivers and Rainforests (Amazon)	Ancient Greeks	– The Roman impact on Britain
2022	(Historical Association Scheme of Work	(Historical Association Scheme of Work: Ancient	(Historical Association Scheme of Work:
	written by Diane Davies)	Greece)	Roman Britain)
		GA scheme link:	GA resource:
	Collins connected scheme: Why are jungles	https://www.geography.org.uk/teaching-	https://www.geography.org.uk/teaching-
	so wet and deserts so dry? KS2 Y3&4	resources/near-and-far	resources/base-maps EQ: Where did the Romans settle in Britain?
	Connected Geography 978-0-00-816785-	https://www.geography.org.uk/teaching-	What significant geographical events
	<u>1.zip</u>	resources/base-maps	occurred during the Roman period?
	EQ: Why is the Amazon rainforest so	EQ: Where in the world is Greece? How far is	
	important?	Greece from us? Where did the Ancient Greeks	Local geographical links: Lincoln
	Ancillary question; Why is climate different	travel from and to? What river and oceans were	Ermine Street – why was it built?
	across the United Kingdom? What are the	important to Ancient Greeks?	
	world's climates? How do climate graphs		Impact: Impact on religion, language, time.
	help geographers? How does climate affect	Resources- Near and far sheet.	Significant Individual study:
	the plants and animals living in that place?	 World maps (printed) 	
	Why is the Amazon rainforest so wet and	- Atlases.	Lenses: Local and world locations
	humid?	Impact: development of colonies in other	Climate
		countries.	Farming
	Comparison: Amazon Rainforest to local		Transport and infrastructure
	forests and woods (Twig moor woods,	Significant Individual Study: Eratosthenes of	Geology- Volcanoes and eruptions.
	Laughton woods).	Cyrene (Father of Geography).	
	Lenses:	Lenses:	Key Vocabulary:

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	Cultural	Cultural	amphitheatre, aqueduct, villa,
	Environmental	Religious	infrastructure, settlement, surface, camber,
	Climate	Geographical.	agger, Pompeii, Pyroclastic flow, eruption.
	World view.		
	Key Vocabulary: Rainforest, emergent, canopy, understory, forest floor, biome, diverse, vegetation, inhabitant, habitat, develop, deforestation. Key Knowledge: Physical geography- Human Geography- types of settlement and land use.	Key Vocabulary:Democracy, philosophy, acropolis, city-state,Parthenon, marathon, Olympics, citizen,philosopher, alphabet, tragedy,Key Knowledge:Understand our location in the world- near andfarUnderstanding of a location on Europeancontinent- GreeceKey oceans and rivers in and around Greece –Mediterranean Sea, Ionian, Aegean Sea, Evros,Axios, The Haliacmon.	Key Knowledge: Location of Roman settlements in our local area Roman impact in the wider United Kingdom – infrastructure of roads, viaducts, cities including comparison of Lincoln with Bath. Roman roads (infrastructure)- comparison of local roads (Lincoln) and Appian way (Italy). Significant geological events- Pompeii, study of volcanic eruption and its effect local to Pompeii and to the global population.
Y5/6	Tudor Tales	The New World	Children of the Revolution
B	(including a focus on Shakespeare)		Victorians and how Scunthorpe has
Sep		(Historical Association Scheme of Work: The	changed
2021	(Historical Association Scheme of Work:	Georgians)	
	Elizabethans)	GA scheme: Artful Maps	EQ: How and why has my local area
	GA resource:	https://www.geography.org.uk/Artful-Maps-	changed over time? <u>History of Scunthorpe</u>
	https://www.geography.org.uk/teaching-	resource	in North Lincolnshire Map and description
	resources/near-and-far	Use Lesson and links-	(visionofbritain.org.uk)
	https://www.geography.org.uk/teaching-	https://www.geography.org.uk/write/MediaUplo	Ancillary question- How has my local area
	resources/base-maps	ads/teaching%20resources/AM Lesson Plan 3.p	changed in the past?
		df	

EQ: What impact did the Tudors have Geographically to Britain and the Wider world?Ancillary questions: Can I identify which areas are classed as Northern Britain and Which are southern?Can I identify key locations in the War of the Roses on a map of the United Kingdom? (Battles and important strongholds) Map of the Battles - Wars of the Roses Can I identify and explain the difference in population density between northern and southern Britain in Tudor times? How has the Isle of Dogs changed since the	 Explore website with children, give children opportunity to explore continents using atlases in class. Complete investigation about continents (see lesson plan) EQ: Where am I in the world? How does where I live relate to 'the New world'? Mini-project on Apartheid in South Africa with Journey to Jo' Burg geography link GA scheme-https://www.geography.org.uk/teaching-resources/photos-for-enquiry/s-africa Lenses: Cultural 	 How was the geology of Scunthorpe and surrounding areas key to the industrialisation of the area? Focus on area local to school- use of historical maps to show changes to area from Victorian to present times) Discuss and compare changes in land use Link with history about why 4 villages merged- increase of population, urbanisation. Geology of Scunthorpe linked to
reign of Henry VIII? (Ancillary question 5 <u>2</u> . <u>Rivers Scheme of work.pdf</u>) Can I identify how the landscape has changed around Kenilworth Castle from Elizabethan times to now? Significant individual study: Henry VIII and impact on Isle of Dogs, Sir Francis Drake- where did he travel? Why	Social Political Economic. Key Knowledge: World view- children's location compared to cities in the new world- link to local cities with similar names i.e. New York, Boston, Lincoln,	steelworks- iron ore. Lenses: Cultural Economic Agricultural Industrial. Key Vocabulary:
Lenses: World View Locality in Britain- Kenilworth Castle, Isle of Dogs, War of the Roses. A significant city- London.	enting-history/many-lincolnshire-places-share- names-5060035 New world towns further afield- Sheffield, Hull, Epworth, Scarborough, New London. Discover and exploration of America.	Revolution, census, rural/ urban Industrialisation, Blast furnaces, Wrought iron and steel, urbanisation, geology, limestone Key Knowledge: The growth of the Five Villages. (Map work).

Vocabulary:	Settlement of America through to the West and	Census work and what it tells us about life
River Thames; Isle of Dogs; Henry VIII;	challenges faced.	and how it changed.
Marsh; Creek; Flood; Port; Trade; Dock;	Conflict with settlers and Native Americans.	The future of Scunthorpe.
Economic activity; British Empire.	Propaganda – homesteads.	
	The Slave Trade.	
Key Knowledge:		
See Scheme of Work.	Vive La France	
World view- How and why did the Tudors	(Historical Association Guidance: Age of	
travel so far, impact of the travel on our	Revolutions)	
world.	GA resource:	
Location of continents and oceans.	https://www.geography.org.uk/teaching-	
Countries in the British Empire.	resources/base-maps	
	EQ: Where in the world is France?	
	Ancillary questions: What is the capital city of	
	France?	
	Lenses:	
	Cultural	
	Economic	
	World view.	
	Key Knowledge:	
	Location of France and key cities in relation to	
	local area.	
	Key Vocabulary:	
	Homestead, New World, Settlement, Ocean,	
	Native, Pioneer, continent.	

Y5/6	Once Upon a Planet including Space	The Roof of the World	WWII
A		Himalayas and India	Bombs and Blackberries
	Collins connected: How is climate change	GA scheme of work- Investigating mountains	Including gardening links
Sep	affecting the world? <u>4. Climate change</u>	and volcanoes.	
2022	Scheme of work.pdf	https://www.geography.org.uk/teaching-	(Historical Association Scheme of Work:
	GA resource:	resources/investigating-mountains-volcanoes	(Instance Association Scheme of Work. WW2)
	https://www.geography.org.uk/teaching-	Collins connected Geography scheme-	GA resources:
	resources/near-and-far	mountains. 3. Mountains Scheme of work.pdf	
	https://www.geography.org.uk/teaching-	https://www.geography.org.uk/teaching-	https://www.geography.org.uk/teaching-
	resources/base-maps	resources/near-and-far	resources/near-and-far
			https://www.geography.org.uk/teaching-
	EQ: How have humans impacted the planet?	EQ: Why are mountains so important?	resources/base-maps
	EQ: How is climate change affecting the	Ancillary questions- Why are the mountains of	
	world?	Olympus, Mauna Kea and Everest so important?	EQ: How did WWII alter the landscape of
	Ancillary question- Why is Elhaji cleaning	How are the world's greatest mountain ranges	Britain?
	shoes on the streets of Banjul?	formed? Why is the legend of Mallory and Irvine	Ancillary Questions: Can I identify on a map
	Why can't Olivia afford to heat her home?	the greatest unsolved mystery of	of London the key locations of the Blitz?
	Why do lars and Sophie disagree about how	mountaineering? Why did Edmund Hillary and	Can I identify on a map of Britain which
	nice the weather is?	Tenzing Norgay find fossils of sea animals at the	other cities were impacted during Air Raids?
	Why are people all over the world noticing	summit of Everest? How are the Cambrian	Can I locate on a local map of Scunthorpe
	the weather they are used to is changing?	mountains different from the Himalaya	and surrounding areas where was affected
	What have countries of the world agreed to	Mountains? Why is the climate such a challenge	by air raids? North Lincs Air Raids - North
	do about global warming?	for Derek? What mountain ranges are local to us	Lincolnshire Aviation Heritage Centre
		and why are they so important in terms of	(nlahcentre.com)
	Resources:	Geology and tourism?	Can I use a map to identify where children
	https://www.geography.org.uk/teaching-		
	resources/weather-climate-	https://www.geography.org.uk/write/MediaUplo	were evacuated to and explain why these
	change/investigating-climate-change	ads/teaching%20resources/Mountains_and_volc	areas were safer in terms of urban activity?
		anoes concept map.pdf	Can I identify using a map, countries in the
			wider world that were impacted in WWII?

	1	I
What causes climate change and how does it	Cultural links: Sherpas	Can I identify other areas of significance in
affect us?	Significant Individuals: Hillary and Tenzing Norgay	WWII in Britain? (Camps, training grounds,
https://www.geography.org.uk/Climate-	George Mallory and Andrew Irvine.	tactical areas, Dover, Channel Isles, Jersey)
changecauses-and-effects		
	Key Vocabulary:	Significant Individuals: Local people who
How can we prevent climate change?	Significant, Sherpa, Mountain; Rock; Landscape;	were affected by the war.
https://www.geography.org.uk/Climate-	Volcano; Crust; Mantle; Magma; Lava; River;	
changeMitigation-and-adaptation	Ocean; Hot spot; Summit; Sea level; Island;	Key Vocabulary:
	Planet; Urals; Relief; Political; Country; Strata;	
Significant Individuals: David Attenborough	Continent; Ocean; fold mountains; Crinoids;	Blitz, evacuee, Nazi, Continent, Urban
Greta Thunberg	Compression; Sedimentary; Igneous;	activity, infrastructure, impact.
	Metamorphic; Sediment; Limestone; Tethys;	
Key Vocabulary:	Distribution; Pattern; Key; Direction; Peak;	Key Knowledge:
Evolution, Significant, Impact, Anthropogenic	Erosion; Glacier;	See Scheme of Work
climate change, climate projections, forcing,		To understand how the war affected our
glacial, greenhouse effect, greenhouse	Key Knowledge:	location in comparison to a major city and
gases, ice caps, ice core, interglacial,	Recognise where we are in the world in relation	why.
Milankovitch cycles, oxygen isotopes,	to local mountain ranges (Scar fell Pike), the	To understand where the war took place in
Quaternary period, mitigation, adaptation.	Cambrian's in Wales, Ben Nevis in Scotland and	the world and where we are in relation to
	further afield (Himalayas, the Alps)	that.
Key Knowledge:	Recognise, identify and explain what geographers	To understand key continents and countries
Timeline of the Earth	define as mountains and understand how this can	in the war.
Previous Ice-Ages	lead to disagreements	
Ice cap isotopes and how understanding	Identify, locate and describe the location of the	
them helps us mitigate climate change.	largest ranges of mountains in the world and the	
	countries that they cover;	
	Explain how the movement of plates of the	
	Earth's crust can form ranges of fold mountains;	
	Reflect upon, evaluate evidence and reach a	
	conclusion and judgement regarding the success	

or failure of expedition of Mallory and Irvine to climb Mount Everest in 1924; Demonstrate that they understand how fossils form and can explain why Edmund Hillary and Tenzing Norgay discovered fossils of sea animals on the summit of Mount Everest in 1953; Identify, describe, compare and contrast and explain the differences between the Cambrian	
Identify, describe, compare and contrast and explain the differences between the Cambrian	
Mountains of Wales, Scar fell Pike in the peak district and the Himalaya Mountains.	