National Curriculum Attainment Targets for KS2:	
• By the end of each key stage, pupils are expected to know, apply and understand the matters, skills and processes specified in the releve programme of study.	vant
 In Key Stage 2 pupils should be taught to develop their techniques, including their control and their use of materials, with creativity, experimentation and an increasing awareness of different kinds of art, craft and design. 	
Pupils should be taught:	
 To create sketch books to record their observations and use them to review and revisit ideas. 	
• To improve their mastery of art and design techniques, including drawing, painting and sculpture with a range of materials (for exampl charcoal, paint, clay).	e pencil,
About great artists, architects and designers in history.	
Key enquiry questions: (assessment): NSEAD	
Generating ideas (skills of designing and developing ideas):	
1 – Can I research and develop ideas?	
2 – Can I record and experiment using a sketchbook thread?	
Making (Skills of art, craft and design):	
3 – Can I explore and develop skills and techniques?	
4 – Can I apply and use technical skills and acquire mastery?	
Evaluating (skills of judgement and evaluation):	
5 – Can I make judgements about art?	
6 – Can I respond to art?	
Knowledge (knowledge about art processes and context):	
7 – Can I explain my knowledge of art, cultural context and movements?	

/ – Can I explain my knowledge of art, cultural context and movements?
 8 – Can I explain my knowledge of media, processes and techniques?

Golden Threads: Knowledge of the World; Creativity; Independence and Resilience; Mental Health and Emotional Awareness.

2022-2023	Autumn	Spring	Summer
LKS2 Cross	Under the Canopy The Maya, Rivers and Rainforests	Who Let the Gods Out?	When in Rome
Curricular:	(Amazon)		
Technique:	Drawing, Painting, Collage	3D, Sculpture, Textiles	Printmaking/Drawing/ Collage (Mosaic)
Artist (s): Movement:	Henri Rousseau/ Oenone Hammersley/ Joseph Cornell	Lucie Rie/Kate Malone/ Myron	Pietro Cavellini/Antoni Gaudi
	Naïve art/Contemporary/Pointillism	Contemporary Ceramists/ Classical	Byzantine/Modernist
Skills:	Tone/pattern/line	Pattern, texture, moulding, coiling, sculpting	Texture, pattern, colour, line and tone
Knowledge:	Drawing:	Sculpture:	Printmaking:
	Pupils develop their drawing skills by producing an observational drawing of artists work. A small section is enlarged to identify colour use and detail. Pupils use shading to show light and shadow. They	Pupils know about and describe the work of some artists, craftspeople, architects and designers who use ceramics as their key process. Pupils gather and review information,	Pupils make their own printing block using corrugated card and string/polystyrene. They design a pattern after researching Roman patterns and press print their pattern using or more colours. They explore using more than
	know how to use sketches to produce a final piece of art. They know how to use different grades of pencil to show tones	references and resources and relate these to ideas and intentions for clay work. Pupils use a sketchbook for different	one motif to create a pattern. They design a Roman pattern for display and use sketchbooks to show the journey.
	 and textures. Pupils develop skills in sketchbooks and refer back to past work. Painting: Pupils use a range of brushes to 	purposes, including recording observations, planning and shaping ideas. Pupils understand basic techniques related to clay work, slabbing, joining and drawing into	Collage: Pupils research Roman mosaic and comment on these. They experiment with mosaic tiles/mosaic squares to create a design. Pupils
	demonstrate increasing control the types	clay.	recreate well known Roman designs and use

	of marks made and experiment with different effects and textures including blocking in colour, washes, thickened paint creating textural effects. They use light and dark within painting and begin to explore complimentary colours. Mix colour, shades and tones with increasing confidence. Pupils become increasingly confident in creating different effects and textures with paint according to what they need for the task. They understand how to create a background using a wash.	Textiles: Pupils look at existing textile designers and designs and comment upon these pieces. These can be uses as a starting point for pupil designs. They use ideas to recreate Greek designs including vases and jugs. Pupils will use a range of techniques including stitching with wool to develop their designs. They will take note of appropriate colours to use. Pupils develop ideas and themes in sketch books.	these for inspiration for their own Roman like designs. They use a mosaic technique to create and complete a tile coaster. Pupils look at colour and pattern within their design. Pupils collect and refine ideas in sketchbooks.
Vocabulary:	Drawing: Frame, Position, Boundary, Label, Line, Symbol, Practical, Impractical, Change, Improve, Plan, Distance, Direction, Position, Form, Texture, Tone, Weight, Pressure, Portrait, Past, Present, Appearance, tone, value, pressure, cross hatching, hatching, stippling, blending. Painting: Abstract, Natural, Bold, Delicate, Detailed, Colour descriptors - scarlet, crimson, emerald, turquoise, Watery, Intense, Strong, Translucent, Wash, Tint, Shade, Background, Foreground, Middle ground, Scenery, Rural, Urban, Townscape, Seascape, Natural, Representational, Imaginary, Opaque, Impressionist, Abstract, Idealised, Swirling, Stippled, Transparent, Foreground, Background, Middle ground, Horizon.	Sculpture: Clay, slabbing, joining, Marbling, Mod podge, Bleeding, Wash, Kiln, Glaze, Air dry, Fire ware, Form, Shape, Texture, Composition, Profile, Stylised, Proportion, Decoration, Ornate, Symbolic, Perspective. Viewpoint, Detail, Decoration, Natural, Form, Two-dimensional, Three-dimensional, Tiles, Brick, Slate, Wood, Stone, Metal, Texture, Bronze, Iron. Textiles: Sew, Stitch, Applique, Backstitch, Feather stitch, Running stitch, Thread, Wool, Needle, Tie and dye, Natural, Synthetic, Vat, Bunching, Dip, Soak, Resist, Threading, Stitching, Embroidery, Cross stitch, running stitch, Stem stitch, Shrunken, Layer, Depth, composition, foreground, background.	Technology: Animation, Crop, Image, Theme, Version Purpose, Function, Interpret, Opinion, Shade, Tint, Tone, Warm, Organise, Construct, Infer, Clarify, Draft, Mosaic. Drawing: Frame, Cartoon, Comic strip, Map, Position, Boundary, Label, Line, Symbol, Practical, Impractical, Change, Improve, Plan, Distance, Direction, Position, Form, Texture, Tone, Weight, Pressure, Portrait, Past, Present, Appearance, Character, Personality, hade, tone, value, pressure, cross hatching, hatching, stippling, blending. Collage: Dying, Quilting, Paper and plastic trappings, Textiles, Stitch, Cut, Join, Look, Explore, Play, Enjoy, Discover, Experiment, Try, Share, Know,

	Collage: Wool tops, Carding, Tease, Matting, Daub, Stamp, Emblem, Motif, Ornamentation, Geometric, Stylised, Abstract.		Collect, Fold, Cut, Tear, Stick, Collage, Combine, Transform, Manipulate, Dissect, Reconstruct, Animate. Printing: Monotype, printing plate, inking up, Water- based, Oil-based, Overlap, Intaglio, Relief, Etching, Engraving, Indentation, Collagraph, Pressure, Aesthetic, Pattern, Motif, Victorian, Islamic, Rotation, Reflection, Symmetrical, Repetition.
UKS2	Once Upon a Planet including Space	The Roof of the World	WWII
Cross Curricular		Himalayas and India	Bombs and Blackberries
Technique	Collage, 3D	Drawing, Paint	Art through technology Printmaking
Artist (s)	Wassily Kandinsky	Jen Aranyi/Georgia O'Keefe (Revisit from KS1)	Karl Lagerfeld
Movement	Abstract/Expressionism	Islamic art Contemporary/Modernist	Modernist/Chellie Carroll
Skills:	Texture, pattern, colour, line and tone	Tone/pattern/line	Texture, pattern, colour, line and tone
Knowledge:	Textiles: Pupils have an awareness of the potential of the uses of material. They use different techniques, colours and textures when designing and making pieces of work. Pupils be expressive and analytical and able to adapt, extend and justify their work. 3D:	Drawing: Pupils work in a sustained and independent way to develop their own style of drawing. Pupils develop this style may be through the development of: line, tone, pattern, texture. They draw for a sustained period of time over a number of sessions working on one piece. They use different techniques for different purposes - shading, hatching within their own work, understanding which works well in their	Collage/Photography: Pupils scan an image or take digital photographs and use software to alter them. They adapt them and create work with meaning. Pupils compose a photo with thought for textural qualities, light and shade. Pupils have the opportunity to explore modern and traditional artists using ICT and other resources. They combine a selection of

	Pupils work in a safe, organised way, caring for equipment. Secure work to continue at a later date. They show experience in combining pinch, slabbing and coiling to produce end pieces using a range of materials including clay, Modroc and papier Mache. Pupils develop understanding of different ways of finishing work: glaze, paint, polish. They gain experience in model ling over an armature: newspaper frame for Modroc. They use recycled, natural and manmade materials to create sculptures, confidently and successfully joining. Pupils show increasing confidence to create/carve a simple form. They use language appropriate to skill and technique.	work and why. They develop their own style using tonal contrast and mixed. Painting: Pupils demonstrate a wide variety of ways to make different marks with dry and wet media. They Identify artists who have worked in a similar way to their own work. Pupils develop ideas using a sketchbook. They manipulate and experiment with the elements of art: line, tone, pattern, texture, form, space, colour and shape. Pupils create shades and tints using black and white. They choose appropriate paint, paper and implements to adapt and extend their work. Pupils carry out preliminary studies, test media and materials and mix appropriate colours. They work from a variety of sources, including those researched independently. They show an awareness of how paintings are	images using digital technology considering colour, size and rotation. Printmaking: Pupils make their own printing block using corrugated card and string or polystyrene. They design a pattern after researching WWII patterns and detail these using sketchbooks. They press print their pattern using two or more colours onto paper. They explore using more than one motif to create a pattern.
Vocabulary:	Collage & Textiles:Cloth, Fray, Taffeta, Organdie, Poplin,Tweed, Embellished, Manipulated,Embroidered, Warp, Weft, Replicate, Softsculpture. Manipulation, Smocking,Ruching, Batik, Embellish, Accentuate,Enhance, Detract, Practicality, Aesthetic.Sculpture:Realistic, Proportion, Surface texture,Balance, Scale, Relationship, Transform,Movement, Rhythm, Composition,Structure, Construct, Flexible, Pliable,	created. (composition). Drawing: Viewpoint, Distance, Direction, Angle, Perspective, Bird's eye view, Alter, Modify, Interior, Exterior, Natural form, Vista, Panorama, Image, Subject, Portrait, Caricature, Expression, Personality, Action, Balance, Direction, Dynamic, Imbalance, Movement, Poised, Transition, Viewpoint, Weight. Painting: Traditional, Representational, Imaginary, Modern, Abstract, Impressionist, Stippled,	Printing: Monotype, printing plate, inking up, Water- based, Oil-based, Overlap, Intaglio, Relief, Etching, Engraving, Indentation, Collagraph, Pressure, Aesthetic, Pattern, Motif, Victorian, Islamic, Rotation, Reflection, Symmetrical, Repetition. Photography: Aperture, Candid, Exposure, HD, IS, Lens, Macro, Negatives, Over-exposure, Portfolio, Resolution, Shutter speed,

	Hollow, Solid, Surface, Plane, Angle, Slip, Attachment, Relief, Line, Shape, Pose, Position, Gesture, Repetition, Sequence, Dynamic, Flowing, Motion, Rhythm, Proportion, Balance.	Splattered, Dabbed, Scraped, Dotted, Stroked, Textured, Flat, Layered, Opaque, Translucent, Intense, still life, Traditional, Modern, Abstract, Imaginary, Natural, Made, Inanimate, Composition, Arrangement, Complimentary, Tonal, Shading.	Under-exposure, Zoom. Photomontage, Image, Dada, Composition, Arrangement, Layout, Cityscape, Macro, Photography, Monochrome, Monochromatic, Album, Digital, Saturation, Emulate, Editing, Software, replacement, Focus, Frame, Recreate, Pose, Prop, Portrait.
2023-2024	Autumn	Spring	Summer
LKS2 Cross Curricular	Cavemen and Creatures (Stone Age to the Iron Age)	Villainous or Valiant? Anglo-Saxons/Vikings-	Around the world in 80 days
Technique	Drawing, Collage, Sculpture	Painting 3D	Printmaking Art through technology
Artist(s) Movement	Silhouettes Keith Haring/Banksy/ Alberto Giacometti Contemporary	Oseberg and Borre art/Miro Classical/Pointillism	Piet Mondrian/Andy Warhol (revisit from KS1) Abstract Art De Stijl/Modernism
Skills:	Tone/line/foil creatures	Tone/pattern/line	Texture/pattern
Knowledge:	Drawing: Pupils develop their drawing skills by producing an observational drawing of Stone-Age Artefacts. They use shading to represent light and dark tones and explore drawing from different regions. They use a range of media to complete cave style art including pastel, chalk and charcoal. Collage:	3D: Pupils work in a safe, organised way, caring for equipment. They secure work to continue at a later date. When working with clay, they make a slip to join to pieces of clay. Pupils decorate, coil, and produce Marquette confidently when necessary. They model over an armature: use newspaper frame for Modroc. Pupils use recycled, natural and man- made materials to create sculptures. They use Papier Mache, clay and Modroc. They adapt work as and when	Photography: Pupils print simple pictures using different printing techniques. They continue to explore both mono printing and relief printing. They demonstrate experience in 3 colour printing. Pupils demonstrate experience in combining prints taken from different objects to produce an end piece. They increase awareness of mono and relief printing. They demonstrate experience in fabric printing. Pupils expand experience in three colour printing. They

	Pupils research ancient art and develop	necessary and explain why. They gain more	continue to experience in combining prints
	ideas through a range of media. They use a	confidence in carving as a form of 3D art. They	taken from different objects to produce an
	variety of materials and colours to recreate	use language appropriate to skill and	end piece. Pupils create repeating patterns.
	ancient designs.	technique. Children demonstrate awareness in	Sketchbooks are used to collect ideas,
	Sculpture:	environmental sculpture and found object art.	Printmaking:
	Pupils know about and describe the work	They show awareness of the effect of time	Pupils make their own printing block using
	of some artists, craftspeople, architects	upon sculptures.	corrugated card and string/polystyrene. They
	and designers who use metals as their key	Painting:	design a pattern after researching appropriate
	process.	Pupils confidently control the types of marks	patterns and press print their pattern using
	Pupils gather and review information,	made and experiment with different effects	two or more colours. They explore using more
	references and resources and relate these	and textures including blocking in colour,	than one motif to create a pattern.
	to ideas and intentions for clay work. Pupils	washes, thickened paint creating textural	
	use a sketchbook for different purposes,	effects. They start to develop a painting from	
	including recording observations, planning	a drawing. Pupils begin to choose appropriate	
	and shaping ideas. Pupils understand basic	media to work with. They use light and dark	
	techniques related to modelling, Pupils	within painting and show understanding of	
	manipulate materials and create figures	complimentary colours. Pupils mix colour,	
	related to the theme. They use equipment	shades and tones with increasing confidence.	
	and media with confidence.	They work in the style of a selected artist.	
Vocabulary:	Drawing:	3D:	Printing:
	Frame, Cartoon, Comic strip, Map,	3D art, Bend, Clay, Chop, Collage, Cut,	Imprint, Impression, Mould, Monoprint,
	Position, Boundary, Label, Line, Symbol,	Evaluate, Flatten, Join, Landscape, Pinch, Plan,	Background, Marbling, Surface, Absorb,
	Practical, Impractical, Change, Improve,	Poke, Pull, Push, Reflect, Roll, Sculpture, Silky,	Stencil, Pounce, Negative image, Positive
	Plan, Distance, Direction, Position, Form,	Slimy, Slippery, Smooth, Squash, Squelchy,	image, Adhesive, Carve, Quilt, Fabric,
	Texture, Tone, Weight, Pressure, Portrait,	Sticky, Stretch, Twist, Wet, Bend, Blades,	Material, Shade, Tint, Tone, Warm, Etch,
	Past, Present, Appearance, Character,	Crease, Create, Cut, Design, Flange, Fix, Fold,	Plinth, Weave, Embroider, Pounce, Linear,
	Personality, hade, tone, value, pressure,	Glue, Handle, Join, Paper clip, Pattern, Pinch,	Register, Manipulate, Block, Repeat,
	cross hatching, hatching, stippling,	Plan, Pull, Push, Rip, Roll, Scissors, Scrunch,	Continuous, Cylinder
	blending.	Slot, Snip, Split pin, Straight line, String, Strip,	Photography:
	Collage:	Sturdy, Tape, Thread, Tie, Wave, Wobbly,	Aperture, Candid, Exposure, HD, IS, Lens,
	Dying, Quilting, Paper and	Wrap, Zig-zag.	Macro, Negatives, Over-exposure,
	plastic trappings, Textiles, Stitch,	Painting:	Portfolio, Resolution, Shutter speed,

	Cut, Join, Look, Explore, Play, Enjoy, Discover, Experiment, Try, Share, Know, Collect, Fold, Cut, Tear, Stick, Collage, Combine, Transform, Manipulate, Dissect, Reconstruct, Animate. Sculpture: Clay, slabbing, joining, Marbling, Mod podge, Bleeding, Wash, Kiln, Glaze, Air dry, Fire ware, Form, Shape, Texture, Composition, Profile, Stylised, Proportion, Decoration, Ornate, Symbolic, Perspective. Viewpoint, Detail, Decoration, Natural, Form, Two- dimensional, Three-dimensional, Tiles, Brick, Slate, Wood, Stone, Metal, Texture, Bronze, Iron.	Abstract, Natural, Bold, Delicate, Detailed, Colour descriptors e.g. scarlet, crimson, emerald, eau de nil, turquoise, Watery, Intense, Strong, Opaque. Translucent, Wash, Tint, Shade, Background, Foreground, Middle ground, Scenery, Rural, Urban, Townscape, Seascape, Representational, Imaginary, Impressionist, Abstract, Idealised, Natural, Swirling, Stippled, Transparent, Opaque, Foreground, Background, Middle ground, Horizon.	Under-exposure, Zoom. Photomontage, Image, Dada, Composition, Arrangement, Layout, Cityscape, Macro, Photography, Monochrome, Monochromatic, Album, Digital, Saturation, Emulate, Editing, Software, replacement, Focus, Frame, Recreate, Pose, Prop, Portrait, Photorealism, Photorealistic, Grid, Proportion.
UKS2 Cross Curricular	Tudor Tales (including a focus on Shakespeare)	The New World	Children of the Revolution Victorians and how Scunthorpe has changed
Technique	Drawing, Paint, Printmaking	Art through technology, Collage	3D, Textiles
Artist (s) Movement	Hans Holbein/ Leonardo Da Vinci/	Andreas Gursky/ Charles Rennie Mackintosh Contemporary/Art nouveau	LS Lowry/William Morris Expressionism/Art Nouveau
	Arcimboldo Renaissance	Robert Rauschenberg – digital collage	
Skills		Texture, pattern, colour, line, tone	Pattern, texture, moulding, sculpting

Pupils develop this style through the	They adapt them and create work with	Pupils use a variety of techniques, e.g.
development of: line, tone, pattern,	meaning. Pupils compose a photo with	printing, dyeing, weaving and stitching to
texture. They draw for a sustained period	thought for textural qualities, light and shade.	create different textural effects.
of time over a number of sessions working	They have opportunity to explore modern and	Pupils design, plan and decorate a fabric
on one piece. They use different	traditional artists using ICT and other	piece. Pupils experiment with a variety of
techniques for different purposes i.e.	resources. They combine a selection of images	techniques. They use a number of different
shading, hatching within their own work,	using digital technology considering colour,	stitches creatively to produce different
understanding which works well in their	size and rotation.	patterns and textures. They recognise
work and why. They develop their own	Collage:	different forms of textiles and express
style using tonal contrast and mixed.	Pupils have an awareness of the potential of	opinions on them.
Painting:	the uses of material and a range of fabric	3D:
Pupils demonstrate a wide variety of ways	properties. They use this knowledge to select	Pupils work in a safe, organised way, caring for
to make different marks with dry and wet	and combine appropriate materials to create a	equipment. Secure work to continue at a later
media. They Identify artists who have	chosen design.	date. They show experience in combining
worked in a similar way to their own work.	They use different techniques, colours and	pinch, slabbing and coiling to produce end
Pupils develop ideas using different or	textures when designing and making pieces of	pieces. Pupils develop understanding of
mixed media, using a sketchbook.	work. Pupils be expressive and analytical and	different ways of finishing work: glaze, paint,
They manipulate and experiment with the	able to adapt, extend and justify their work.	polish They gain experience in model ling over
elements of art: line, tone, pattern,	They explore artists and evaluate their pieces.	an armature: newspaper frame for Modroc.
texture, form, space, colour and shape.	Pupils work in the style of a chosen artist to	They use recycled, natural and manmade
Pupils create shades and tints using black	create their designs.	materials to create sculptures, confidently and
and white. They will choose appropriate		successfully joining. They use Papier Mache,
paint, paper and implements to adapt and		clay and Modroc to model. Pupils show
extend their work. Pupils carry out		increasing confidence to carve a simple form.
preliminary studies, test media and		They use language appropriate to skill and
materials and mix appropriate colours.		technique.
They work from a variety of sources,		
including those researched independently.		
They show an awareness of how paintings		
are created (composition).		
•		

Vocabulary:	Drawing:	Photography:	Textiles:
	Viewpoint, Distance, Direction, Angle,	Aperture, Candid, Exposure, HD, IS, Lens,	Cloth, Fray, Taffeta, Organdie, Poplin, Tweed,
	Perspective, Bird's eye view, Alter, Modify,	Macro, Negatives, Over-exposure,	Embellished, Manipulated, Embroidered,
	Interior, Exterior, Natural form, Vista,	Portfolio, Resolution, Shutter speed,	Warp, Weft, Replicate, Soft sculpture.
	Panorama, Image, Subject, Portrait,	Under-exposure, Zoom. Photomontage,	3D:
	Caricature, Expression, Chroma, Overlay,	Image, Dada, Composition, Arrangement,	3D art, Bend, Clay, Chop, Collage, Cut,
	Personality, Action, Balance, Direction,	Layout, Cityscape, Macro, Photography,	Evaluate, Flatten, Join, Landscape, Pinch, Plan,
	Dynamic, Imbalance, Movement, Poised,	Monochrome, Monochromatic, Album,	Poke, Pull, Push, Reflect, Roll, Sculpture, Silky,
	Transition, Viewpoint, Weight.	Digital, Saturation, Emulate, Editing, Software,	Slimy, Slippery, Smooth, Squash, Squelchy,
	Painting:	replacement, Focus, Frame, Recreate, Pose,	Sticky, Stretch, Twist, Wet, Bend, Blades,
	Traditional, Representational, Imaginary,	Prop, Portrait, Photorealism, Photorealistic,	Crease, Create, Cut, Design, Flange, Fix, Fold,
	Modern, Abstract, Impressionist, Stippled,	Grid, Proportion.	Glue, Handle, Join, Paper clip, Pattern, Pinch,
	Splattered, Dabbed, Scraped, Dotted,	Collage:	Plan, Pull, Push, Rip, Roll, Scissors, Scrunch,
	Stroked, Textured, Flat, Layered, Opaque,	Cloth, Fray, Taffeta, Organdie, Poplin, Tweed,	Slot, Snip, Split pin, Straight line, String, Strip,
	Translucent, still life, Traditional, Modern,	Embellished, Manipulated, Embroidered,	Sturdy, Tape, Thread, Tie, Wave, Wobbly,
	Abstract, Imaginary, Natural, Made,	Warp, Weft, Replicate, Soft sculpture.	Wrap, Zig-zag. Display, Installation art, Mixed
	Composition, Arrangement,	Manipulation, Smocking, Ruching, Batik,	media, Features, Evaluate, Analyse, Location,
	Complimentary, Tonal, Shading.	Embellish, Accentuate, Enhance, Detract,	Scale, scaled down, Special effects, three-
	Printing:	Practicality, Aesthetic, card, paper, tissue,	dimensional, Art medium, Performance art,
	Monotype, printing plate, inking up,	ribbon.	Stencil, Atmosphere, Props, Influence,
	Water-based, Oil-based, Overlap, Intaglio,		Experience, Culture, Revolution, Concept,
	Relief, Etching, Engraving, Indentation,		Elements, Interact, Interactive
	Collagraph, Pressure.		
	Aesthetic, Pattern, Motif, Victorian,		
	Islamic, Rotation, Reflection, Symmetrical,		
	Repetition.		

Arts and culture

Art-movement

	Y3	Y4
Skills	By the end of Y3, pupils should be able to:	By the end of Y4, pupils should be able to:
Generating Ideas	1. Gather and review information, references and	1. Select and use relevant resources and references to develop their
Skills of Designing &	resources related to their ideas and intentions.	ideas.
Developing Ideas	2. Use a sketchbook for different purposes, including	2. Use sketchbooks, and drawing, purposefully to improve
	recording observations, planning and shaping ideas.	understanding, inform ideas and plan for an outcome (for instance,
		sketchbooks will show several different versions of an idea and how
		research has led to improvements in their proposed outcome).
Making Skills of	3. Develop practical skills by experimenting with, and	3. Investigate the nature and qualities of different materials and
Making Art, Craft and	testing the qualities of a range of different materials and	processes systematically.
Design	techniques.	4. Apply the technical skills they are learning to improve the quality of
	4. Select, and use appropriately, a variety of materials	their work (for instance, in painting they select and use different
	and techniques in order to create their own work.	brushes for different purposes).
Evaluating	5. Take the time to reflect upon what they like and dislike	5. Regularly reflect upon their own work, and use comparisons with
Skills of	about their work in order to improve it (for instance they	the work of others (pupils and artists) to identify how to improve.
Judgement and	think carefully before explaining to their teacher what	
Evaluation	they like and what they will do next).	
	By the end of Y3, pupils should know:	By the end of Y4, pupils should know:
Knowledge	6. About and describe the work of some artists,	6. About and describe some of the key ideas, techniques and working
Knowledge	craftspeople, architects and designers.	practices of a variety of artists, craftspeople, architects and designers
about art	7. Be able to explain how to use some of the tools and	that they have studied.
processes and	techniques they have chosen to work with.	7. About, and be able to demonstrate, how tools they have chosen to
context		work with, should be used effectively and with safety.

Y5 Y6

Skills	By the end of Y5, pupils should be able to:	By the end of Y6, pupils should be able to:
Generating Ideas	1. Engage in open ended research and exploration in the	1. Independently develop a range of ideas which show curiosity,
Skills of Designing &	process of initiating and developing their own personal	imagination and originality.
Developing Ideas	ideas.	2. Systematically investigate, research and test ideas and plans using
	2. Confidently use sketchbooks for a variety of purposes	sketchbooks and other appropriate approaches (for instance-
	including: recording observations; developing ideas;	Sketchbooks will show in advance how work will be produced and
	testing materials; planning and recording information.	how the qualities of materials will be used).
Making Skills of	3. Confidently investigate and exploit the potential of	3. Independently act to refine their technical and craft skills in order
Making Art, Craft and	new and unfamiliar materials (for instance, try out	to improve their mastery of materials and techniques.
Design	several different ways of using tools and materials that	4. Independently select and effectively use relevant processes in order
	are new to them).	to create successful and finished work.
	4. Use their acquired technical expertise to make work	
	which effectively reflects their ideas and intentions.	
Evaluating	5. Regularly analyse and reflect on their progress taking	5. Provide a reasoned evaluation of both their own and professionals'
Skills of	account of what they hoped to achieve.	work which takes account of the starting points, intentions and
Judgement and		context behind the work.
Evaluation		
	By the end of Y5, pupils should know:	By the end of Y6, pupils should know:
Knowledge	6. Research and discuss the ideas and approaches of a	6. How to describe, interpret and explain the work, ideas and working
Knowledge	various artists, craftspeople, designers and architects,	practices of some significant artists, craftspeople, designers and
about art	taking account of their particular cultural context and	architects taking account of the influence of the different historical,
processes and	intentions.	cultural and social contexts in which they worked.
context	7. How to describe the processes they are using and how	7. About the technical vocabulary and techniques for modifying the
	they hope to achieve high quality outcomes.	qualities of different materials and processes.